

# Quantitative Method

## Assignment 5

Due November 14, 2006

1. Assume  $\mathbf{y}_{n \times 1} \sim MN(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{I}_n)$ , and  $\mathbf{A}$  is symmetric and idempotent.

(a) Show that if  $\mathbf{L}$  is an  $m \times n$  non-random matrix, then  $\mathbf{L}\mathbf{y}$  and  $\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}$  are independent if  $\mathbf{L}\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{0}$ .

(b) Show that if  $\mathbf{b}$  is an  $n \times 1$  non-random vector and  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{b} = \mathbf{0}$ ,

then  $\frac{\mathbf{b}'\mathbf{y}/\sqrt{\mathbf{b}'\mathbf{b}}}{\sqrt{\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}/q}} \sim t_q$  where  $q = \text{tr}(\mathbf{A})$ .

(c)  $\frac{(1/\sqrt{n})\mathbf{1}'\mathbf{y}}{\sqrt{\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{M}^0\mathbf{y}/(n-1)}} \sim t_{(n-1)}$ .

2. Let  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n \stackrel{iid}{\sim} N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ ; i.e.,  $\mathbf{x} \sim MN(\mu\mathbf{1}, \sigma^2\mathbf{I}_n)$  where  $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)' \in \mathfrak{R}^n$  and  $\mathbf{1} = (1, 1, \dots, 1)' \in \mathfrak{R}^n$ .

(a) Show that

$$\frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma^2} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{\sigma^2} \sim \chi_{(n-1)}^2.$$

(b) From the definition of  $t$  distribution (note that the random variable on the numerator is independent of that on the denominator) show why

$$\frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{S/\sqrt{n}} \sim t_{(n-1)}.$$

(Hint:  $(1/\sigma)(\mathbf{x}\mathbf{1} - \mu\mathbf{1}) \sim MN(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{I}_n)$ )

3. Assume  $\mathbf{y}_{n \times 1} \sim N(\boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})$ . Show that  $E(\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}) = \text{tr}(\mathbf{A}\boldsymbol{\Sigma}) + \boldsymbol{\mu}'\mathbf{A}\boldsymbol{\mu}$ .

(Hint:  $E(\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}) = \text{tr}[E(\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y})] = E[\text{tr}(\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y})]$ )